

**Submissions for topics for Standards and Implementation****1. General information**

<b>Submission number</b>	2023-027
<b>Title of Proposal</b>	Annex International movement of fresh orange ( <i>Citrus sinensis</i> ) fruit to ISPM 46
<b>Submitted by</b> (Country or Organization)	Regional Plant Protection Organization (RPPO)
<b>IPPC Official Contact Point or RPPO</b>	Comite Regional de Sanidad Vegetal del Cono Sur (COSAVE)
<b>Supported by</b>	Argentina, Bolivia, Brasil, Chile, Paraguay, Perú y Uruguay

**2. Contact information**

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**3. Summary of proposal**

<b>Summary of justification for the proposal</b>	ISPM 46 was adopted by the Commission on Phytosanitary Measures (CPM) in 2022 as an overarching standard for a series of specific commodity annexes which are yet to be proposed and developed. Orange fresh fruit is a commodity for such an annex to ISPM 46 because orange fresh fruit is widely traded internationally and several contracting parties have established and accepted phytosanitary measures to effectively manage pest risk associated with the traded commodity.
<b>Expected outcome of standard / implementation resource</b>	The annex will identify major pests associated with the international movement of orange fresh fruit destined for consumption and processing and feasible options for phytosanitary measures, assisting NPPOs in the establishment of phytosanitary import requirements.

<b>Contribution to filling gaps in the Framework for Standards and Implementation</b>	ISPM 46 was recently adopted, therefore no specific gaps were identified for commodity specific standards.
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#### 4. Type of proposed material

<b>Proposed material</b>	Standards
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#### 5. Standard/ Implementation

<b>Type of standard</b>	New ISPM or component to an existing ISPM
<b>New ISPM or component to an existing ISPM</b>	Annex to ISPM
<b>Choose item</b>	ISPM 46

#### 6. Literature review

<b>Literature review</b>	This topic proposal is based on the phytosanitary requirements established by Cosave countries for orange fresh fruit ( <i>Citrus sinensis</i> ) and because of the relevance of this species in their trade.
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#### 7. Criteria for justification and prioritization of proposed topics

##### 7.1. Core criteria

<b>Criteria</b>	Information provided by Submitter
<b>1. Contribution to the purpose of the IPPC as described in article I.1</b>	The Annex meets the purpose of Article I.1 of securing common and effective action to prevent the spread and introduction of pests, and to promote appropriate measures for their control, by providing NPPOs options of phytosanitary measures suitable to mitigate pest risk of major pests associated with orange fruit.
<b>2. Linkage to IPPC SOs and Organizational results demonstrated</b>	The proposal links to Strategic Objective C: Facilitating safe trade, development and economic growth. That is: SS1: Prioritised commodities and pathways are covered

	<p>by commodity and pathway specific standards adopted or being developed by the Commission. SS2 NPPOs base their phytosanitary systems and import requirements on adopted ISPMs. C1: Commodity specific standards with harmonised phytosanitary measures have facilitated and accelerated trade negotiations and simplified safe trade in plant products. The proposed annex will identify options for phytosanitary measures for reducing pest risk associated with trade in orange fruit by considering currently accepted measures used in trade. This will lead to more efficient development of phytosanitary measures by importing countries and more predictable requirements for exporting countries by supporting harmonisation. Implementation of the annex will facilitate economic and trade development for all contracting parties and be more efficient for NPPOs with limited resources.</p>
<b>3. Feasibility of implementation at the global level</b>	<p>The proposed annex will provide options for phytosanitary measures currently used in trade and acceptance will be dependent on ability of an NPPO to implement. Measures may be adopted as phytosanitary treatments to ISPM 28 and some measures may be referenced in other ISPMs. Therefore, some measures may already have implementation resources available. The annex will be relevant to any NPPO importing or exporting orange fresh fruit which is a globally traded commodity. This proposal will provide the opportunity to continue testing the newly developed commodity standard process.</p>
<b>4. Clear identification of the problems that need to be resolved through the development of the standard or implementation resource</b>	<p>Commodity standards are identified in the IPPC strategic framework as a way to advance trade facilitation and harmonise options of phytosanitary measures for major pests.</p>
<b>5. Availability of, or possibility to collect, information in support of the proposed standard or implementation resource</b>	<p>Phytosanitary Regulations of MERCOSUR and COSAVE member countries.</p>

**7.2. Supporting criteria**

<b>Supporting Criteria</b>	<b>Information provided by Submitter</b>
<b>Practical</b>	1) There is not a regional standard or implementation resource on the same topic 2) the commodity is widely traded and therefore it is expected that there is global expertise available to support the Technical Panel for Commodity Standards to develop the annex.
<b>Economic</b>	In 2021 the global orange market produced 75.568 thousand tonnes of orange fruit, being total exports 7.248 thousand tonnes and total imports 7.291 thousand tonnes (FAOSTAT, <a href="https://www.fao.org/faostat/es/#home">https://www.fao.org/faostat/es/#home</a> ).
<b>Environmental</b>	Commodity standards will provide options for effective phytosanitary measures for contracting parties to consider when setting phytosanitary measures for preventing the introduction and spread of pests. These measures should be limited to those that have a minimal environmental impact.
<b>Strategic</b>	All Cosave countries (Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Paraguay, Peru and Uruguay) support the development of this annex.

**8. Financial/in-kind resources**

<b>Commitment for financial/in-kind resources to support the development of the proposed standards or implementation resource</b>	-
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